



**REF 10105**  
**snRNP-C**



# Instruction Manual

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	Product Ref.	10105
	Product Desc.	snRNP-C
	Manual Rev. No.	005 : 2014-01-15

## 1 Intended Use

**snRNP-C** is a solid phase enzyme immunoassay for the quantitative detection of antibodies against the snRNP complex in human serum.

The assay employs native human U1-snRNP complex highly purified from the cell-line HeLa. The U1-snRNP complex comprises the Smith antigen (Sm) and RNPs, the 70kDa U1-specific protein plus protein A and C. The assay is a tool for the diagnosis of mixed connective tissue diseases (MCTD) and systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

## 2 Clinical Application and Principle of the Assay

The U1-snRNP complex (for short snRNP) is a small nuclear ribonucleoprotein particle composed of uridine rich (thus U) small nuclear RNA and a set of proteins, the 70 kDa U1-specific protein plus protein A and C (all formerly summarized as RNPs) and the Sm (Smith) antigen. Sm comprises eight proteins (B,<sub>1</sub>B', D1, D2, D3, E, F, and G). Because of its components Sm and RNPs the complex has been often called RNP/Sm complex. U1-snRNP is a part of the splicosomal complex, facilitating the processing of pre-mRNA to mature mRNA in the nucleus.

Antibodies against snRNP belong to the heterogenous group of anti-nuclear antibodies (ANA), which are associated with various autoimmune diseases. They are directed against proteins of the nucleus. Indirect immunofluorescence test (IFT) on eucaryotic cells has been the established method for the detection of ANAs. Single antibody specificities are distinguished by fluorescence patterns but more specific testing by ELISA employing the target antigen has been established for simple and reliable differentiation of ANAs.

Antibodies against the snRNP complex are directed against Sm as well as the 70 kDa U1-specific protein plus protein A and C. They typically occur in SLE and mixed connective tissue diseases (MCTD), but are also found in Sjögren`s syndrome, scleroderma and polymyositis.

The differentiation of the autoantibodies by ELISA employing the specific antigen is an aid for the diagnosis of SLE and MCTD. Antibodies against the 70 kDa U1 RNP protein are found in 95% of MCTD and in 40% of SLE, whilst isolated occurrence of anti-U1 RNP 70 kDa antibodies is typical for the Sharp syndrome.

In contrast antibodies against Sm are highly specific for SLE and thus are included in diagnostic and classification criteria for SLE. 20-30% of patients with SLE display antibodies against Sm.

### Principle of the test

Serum samples diluted 1:101 are incubated in the microplates coated with the specific antigen. Patient`s antibodies, if present in the specimen, bind to the antigen. The unbound fraction is washed off in the following step. Afterwards anti-human immunoglobulins conjugated to horseradish peroxidase (conjugate) are incubated and react with the antigen-antibody complex of the samples in the microplates. Unbound conjugate is washed off in the following step. Addition of TMB-substrate generates an enzymatic colorimetric (blue) reaction, which is stopped by diluted acid (color changes to yellow). The intensity of color formation from the chromogen is a function of the amount of conjugate bound to the antigen-antibody complex and this is proportional to the initial concentration of the respective antibodies in the patient sample.

### 3 Kit Contents

<b>TO BE RECONSTITUTED</b>				
Item	Quantity	Cap color	Solution color	Description / Contents
Sample Buffer (5x)	1 x 20ml	White	Yellow	5 x concentrated Tris, sodium chloride (NaCl), bovine serum albumin (BSA), sodium azide < 0.1% (preservative)
Wash Buffer (50x)	1 X 20ml	White	Green	50 x concentrated Tris, NaCl, Tween 20, sodium azide < 0.1% (preservative)
<b>READY TO USE</b>				
Item	Quantity	Cap color	Solution color	Description / Contents
Negative Control	1 x 1.5ml	Green	Colorless	Human serum (diluted), , bovine serum albumin (BSA), sodium azide < 0.1% (preservative)
Positive Control	1 x 1.5ml	Red	Yellow	Human serum (diluted), , bovine serum albumin (BSA), sodium azide < 0.1% (preservative)
Calibrators	6 x 1.5ml	White	Yellow *	Concentration of each calibrator: 0, 3, 10, 30, 100, 300 U/ml. Human serum (diluted), , bovine serum albumin (BSA), sodium azide < 0.1% (preservative)
Conjugate, IgG	1 x 15ml	Blue	Blue	Containing: Anti-human immunoglobulins conjugated to horseradish peroxidase, , bovine serum albumin (BSA),
TMB Substrate	1 x 15ml	Black	Colorless	Stabilized tetramethylbenzidine and hydrogen peroxide (TMB/H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> )
Stop Solution	1 x 15ml	White	Colorless	1M Hydrochloric Acid
Microtiter plate	12 x 8 well strips	N/A	N/A	With breakaway microwells. Refer to paragraph 1 for coating.
* Color increasing with concentration				
<b>MATERIALS REQUIRED, BUT NOT PROVIDED</b>				
Microtiter plate reader 450 nm reading filter and recommended 620 nm reference filter (600-690 nm). Glass ware (cylinder 100-1000ml), test tubes for dilutions. Vortex mixer, precision pipettes (10, 100, 200, 500, 1000 µl) or adjustable multipipette (100-1000µl). Microplate washing device (300 µl repeating or multichannel pipette or automated system), adsorbent paper. Our tests are designed to be used with purified water according to the definition of the United States Pharmacopeia (USP 26 - NF 21) and the European Pharmacopeia (Eur.Ph. 4th ed.).				

### 4 Storage and Shelf Life

Store all reagents and the microplate at 2-8°C/35-46°F, in their original containers. Once prepared, reconstituted solutions are stable at 2-8°C/35-46°F for at least 1 month. Reagents and the microplate shall be used within the expiry date indicated on each component, only. Avoid intense exposure of TMB solution to light. Store microplates in designated foil, including the desiccant, and seal tightly.

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## 5 Precautions of Use

### 5.1 Health hazard data

**THIS PRODUCT IS FOR IN VITRO DIAGNOSTIC USE ONLY.** Thus, only staff trained and specially advised in methods of in vitro diagnostics may perform the kit. Although this product is not considered particularly toxic or dangerous in conditions of the intended use, refer to the following for maximum safety:

#### ***Recommendations and precautions***

This kit contains potentially hazardous components. Though kit reagents are not classified being irritant to eyes and skin we recommend to avoid contact with eyes and skin and wear disposable gloves.

**WARNING !** Calibrators, Controls and Buffers contain sodium azide (NaN<sub>3</sub>) as a preservative. NaN<sub>3</sub> may be toxic if ingested or adsorbed by skin or eyes. NaN<sub>3</sub> may react with lead and copper plumbing to form highly explosive metal azides. On disposal, flush with a large volume of water to prevent azide build-up. Please refer to decontamination procedures as outlined by CDC or other local/national guidelines.

**Do not smoke, eat or drink when manipulating the kit. Do not pipette by mouth.**

All human source material used for some reagents of this kit (controls, standards e.g.) has been tested by approved methods and found negative for HbsAg, Hepatitis C and HIV 1. However, no test can guarantee the absence of viral agents in such material completely. Thus handle kit controls, standards and patient samples as if capable of transmitting infectious diseases and according to national requirements.

The kit contains material of animal origin as stated in the table of contents, handle according to national requirements.

### 5.2 General directions for use

In case that the product information, including the labeling, is defective or incorrect please contact the manufacturer or the supplier of the test kit.

Do not mix or substitute Controls, Calibrators, Conjugates or microplates from different lot numbers. This may lead to variations in the results.

Allow all components to reach room temperature (20-32°C/68-89.6°F) before use, mix well and follow the recommended incubation scheme for an optimum performance of the test.

**Incubation: We recommend test performance at 30°C/86°F for automated systems.**

Never expose components to higher temperature than 37°C/ 98.6°F.

Always pipette substrate solution with brand new tips only. Protect this reagent from light. Never pipette conjugate with tips used with other reagents prior.

**A definite clinical diagnosis should not be based on the results of the performed test only, but should be made by the physician after all clinical and laboratory findings have been evaluated. The diagnosis is to be verified using different diagnostic methods.**

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## 6 Sample Collection, Handling and Storage

Use preferentially freshly collected serum samples. Blood withdrawal must follow national requirements. Do not use icteric, lipemic, hemolysed or bacterially contaminated samples. Sera with particles should be cleared by low speed centrifugation (<1000 x g). Blood samples should be collected in clean, dry and empty tubes.

After separation, the serum samples should be used during the first 8h, respectively stored tightly closed at 2-8°C/35-46°F up to 48h, or frozen at -20°C/-4°F for longer periods

## 7 Assay Procedure

### 7.1 Preparations prior to starting

Dilute concentrated reagents:

Dilute the concentrated sample buffer 1:5 with distilled water (e.g. 20 ml plus 80 ml).

Dilute the concentrated wash buffer 1:50 with distilled water (e.g. 20 ml plus 980 ml).

To avoid mistakes we suggest to mark the cap of the different calibrators.

#### **Samples:**

Dilute serum samples 1:101 with sample buffer (1x)

e.g. 1000 µl sample buffer (1x) + 10 µl serum. Mix well !

#### **Washing:**

Prepare 20 ml of diluted wash buffer (1x) per 8 wells or 200 ml for 96 wells

e.g. 4 ml concentrate plus 196 ml distilled water.

#### **Automated washing:**

Consider excess volumes required for setting up the instrument and dead volume of robot pipette.

#### **Manual washing:**

Discard liquid from wells by inverting the plate. Knock the microwell frame with wells downside vigorously on clean adsorbent paper. Pipette 300 µl of diluted wash buffer into each well, wait for 20 seconds. Repeat the whole procedure twice again.

#### **Microplates:**

Calculate the number of wells required for the test. Remove unused wells from the frame, replace and store in the provided plastic bag, together with desiccant, seal tightly (2-8°C/35-46°F).

## 7.2 Pipetting Scheme

We suggest pipetting calibrators, controls and samples as follows:

For *QUANTITATIVE* interpretation

	1	2	3	4...
A	Cal A	Cal E	P1	
B	Cal A	Cal E	P1	
C	Cal B	Cal F	P2	
D	Cal B	Cal F	P2	
E	Cal C	PC	P3	
F	Cal C	PC	P3	
G	Cal D	NC	...	
H	Cal D	NC	...	

CalA: calibrator A

CalB: calibrator B

CalC: calibrator C

CalD: calibrator D

CalE: calibrator E

CalF: calibrator F

PC: positive control



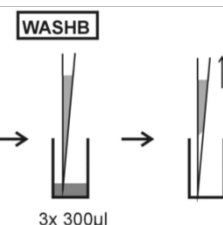
NC: negative control

P1: patient 1

P2: patient 2

P3: patient 3

## 7.3 Test Steps

Step	Description
1.	Ensure preparations from step 7.1 above have been carried out prior to pipetting.
2.	Use the following steps in accordance with quantitative interpretation results desired:
<b>CONTROLS &amp; SAMPLES</b>	
3.	 <p>Pipette into the designated wells as described in chapter 7.2 above, 100 µl of either:            Calibrators (CAL.A to CAL.F)            and 100 µl of each of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Negative control (NC) and Positive control (PC), and</li> <li>Patients diluted serum (P1, P2...)</li> </ul>
4.	 <p>Incubate for 30 minutes at 20-32°C/68-89.6°F.</p>
5.	 <p>Wash 3x with 300 µl washing buffer (diluted 1:50).</p>

### CONJUGATE

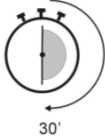
6.

**CONJ**



Pipette 100 µl conjugate into each well.

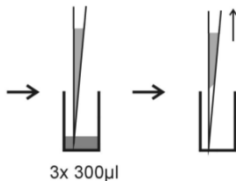
7.



Incubate for 30 minutes at 20-32°C/68-89.6°F.

8.

**WASHB**



Wash 3x with 300 µl washing buffer (diluted 1:50).

### SUBSTRATE

9.

**SUB**



Pipette 100 µl TMB substrate into each well.

10.

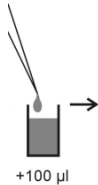


Incubate for 30 minutes at 20-32°C/68-89.6°F, protected from intense light.

### STOP

11.

**STOP**



Pipette 100 µl stop solution into each well, using the same order as pipetting the substrate.

12.

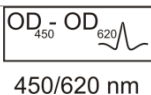


Incubate 5 minutes minimum.

13.

Agitate plate carefully for 5 sec.

14.



Read absorbance at 450 nm (recommended 450/620 nm) within 30 minutes.



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## 8 Quantitative Interpretation

For **quantitative interpretation** establish the standard curve by plotting the **optical density (OD) of each calibrator (y-axis)** with respect to the corresponding concentration values in U/ml (x-axis). For best results we recommend log/lin coordinates and 4-Parameter Fit. From the OD of each sample, read the corresponding antibody concentrations expressed in U/ml.

Normal Range	Equivocal Range	Positive Results
< 12 U/ml	12 - 18 U/ml	>18 U/ml

### *Example of a standard curve*

**Do NOT use this example for interpreting patient's result**

Calibrators IgG	OD 450/620 nm	CV % (Variation)
0 U/ml	0.018	2.7
3 U/ml	0.127	1.1
10 U/ml	0.265	0.3
30 U/ml	0.598	2.9
100 U/ml	1.214	1.1
300 U/ml	2.223	1.3

### *Example of calculation*

Patient	Replicate (OD)	Mean (OD)	Result (U/ml)
P 01	0.831/0.855	0.843	52.8
P 02	1.060/1.069	1.065	76.0

Samples above the highest calibrator range should be reported as >Max. They should be diluted as appropriate and re-assayed. Samples below calibrator range should be reported as < Min.

For lot specific data, see enclosed quality control leaflet. Medical laboratories might perform an in-house quality control by using own controls and/or internal pooled sera, as foreseen by national regulations.

Each laboratory should establish its own normal range based upon its own techniques, controls, equipment and patient population according to their own established procedures.

In case that the values of the controls do not meet the criteria the test is invalid and has to be repeated.

The following technical issues should be verified: Expiration dates of (prepared) reagents, storage conditions, pipettes, devices, photometer, incubation conditions and washing methods.

If the items tested show aberrant values or any kind of deviation or that the validation criteria are not met without explicable cause please contact the manufacturer or the supplier of the test kit.

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## 9 Technical Data

Sample material:	serum
Sample volume:	10 µl of sample diluted 1:101 with 1x sample buffer
Total incubation time:	90 minutes at 20-32°C/68-89.6°F
Calibration range:	0-300 U/ml
Analytical sensitivity:	1.0 U/ml
Storage:	at 2-8°C/35-46°F use original vials only.
Number of determinations:	96 tests

## 10 Performance Data

### 10.1 Analytical sensitivity

Testing sample buffer 30 times on snRNP-C gave an analytical sensitivity of 1.0 U/ml.

### 10.2 Specificity and sensitivity

The microplates are coated with native human sn-RNP complex.

No crossreactivities to other autoantigens have been found. Antibodies against anti-U1 snRNP are found in 40% of SLE and 95% of MCTD. 20-30% of patients with SLE display antibodies against Sm.

### 10.3 Linearity

Chosen sera have been tested with this kit and found to dilute linearly. However, due to the heterogeneous nature of human autoantibodies there might be samples that do not follow this rule.

Sample No.	Dilution Factor	Measured (U/ml)	Expected (U/ml)	Recovery (%)
1	1 / 100	80.1	80.0	100.0
	1 / 200	39.0	40.0	97.5
	1 / 400	19.5	20.0	97.5
	1 / 800	9.7	10.0	97.0
2	1 / 100	47.4	45.0	105.3
	1 / 200	21.4	22.5	95.1
	1 / 400	10.3	11.3	91.2
	1 / 800	5.7	5.6	101.8

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## 10.4 Precision

To determine the precision of the assay, the variability (intra and inter-assay) was assessed by examining its reproducibility on three serum samples selected to represent a range over the standard curve.

Intra-assay		
Sample No.	Mean (U/ml)	CV (%)
1	19.1	1.0
2	50.5	3.3
3	85.1	6.2

Inter-assay		
Sample No.	Mean (U/ml)	CV (%)
1	19.1	1.6
2	51.3	3.7
3	83.6	6.4

## 10.5 Calibration

Due the lack of international reference calibration this assay is calibrated in arbitrary units (U/ml)

## 11 Literature








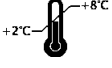












**Peter JB, Shoenfeld Y (1996).** Autoantibodies. Elsevier Sciences B.V., Amsterdam

**Hackl W, Fischer U, Luhrmann R (1994).** A 69 kD protein that associates reversibly with the Sm core domain of several splicosomal snRNP species. J Cell Biol 124: 261-272.

**Klein Gunnewiek JMT, Van de Putte LBA, van Venrooij WJ (1997).** The U1 snRNP complex: An autoantigen in connective tissue diseases: An update. Clin Exp Rheumatol 15: 549-560.

**Von Mühlen CA, Tan EM (1995).** Autoantibodies in the diagnosis of systemic rheumatic diseases. Semin Arthritis Rheum 24: 323-358.



	- Diagnosi in vitro	- For in vitro diagnostic use
	- Pour diagnostic in vitro	- Para uso diagnóstico in vitro
	- In Vitro Diagnostikum	- In Vitro Διαγνωστικό μέσο
	- Para uso Diagnóstico in vitro	
	* Numero d'ordine	* Catalogue number
	* Référence Catalogue	* Numéro de catálogo
	* Bestellnummer	* Αριθμός παραγγελίας
	* Número de catálogo	
	* Descrizione lotto	* Lot
	* Lot	* Lote
	* Chargen Bezeichnung	* Χαρακτηρισμός παρτίδας
	* Lote	
	* Conformità europea	* EC Declaration of Conformity
	* Déclaration CE de Conformité	* Declaración CE de Conformidad
	* Europäische Konformität	* Ευρωπαϊκή συμφωνία
	* Déclaracão CE de Conformidade	
	* 96 determinazioni	* 96 tests
	* 96 tests	* 96 pruebas
	* 96 Bestimmungen	* 96 προσδιορισμοί
	* 96 Testes	
	* Rispettare le istruzioni per l'uso	* See instructions for use
	* Voir les instructions d'utilisation	* Ver las instrucciones de uso
	* Gebrauchsanweisung beachten	* Λάβετε υπόψη τις οδηγίες χρήσης
	* Ver as instruções de uso	
	* Da utilizarsi entro	* Use by
	* Utilise avant le	* Utilizar antes de
	* Verwendbar bis	* Χρήση μέχρι
	* Utilizar antes de	
	* Conservare a 2-8°C	* Store at 2-8°C (35-46°F)
	* Conserver à 2-8°C	* Conservar a 2-8°C
	* Lagerung bei 2-8°C	* Φυλάσσεται στους 2-8°C
	* Conservar entre 2-8°C	
	* Prodotto da	* Manufactured by
	* Fabriqué par	* Fabricado por
	* Hergestellt von	* Κατασκευάζεται από
	* Fabricado por	
	* Calibratore cut-off	* Cut off Calibrator
	* Etalon Seuil	* Calibrador de cut-off
	* Grenzwert Kalibrator	* Οριακός ορός Αντιδραστήριο βαθμονόμησης
	* Calibrador de cut-off	
	* Controllo positivo	* Positive Control
	* Contrôle Positif	* Control Positivo
	* Positiv Kontrolle	* Θετικός ορός ελέγχου
	* Controllo positivo	
	* Controllo negativo	* Negative Control
	* Contrôle Négatif	* Control Negativo
	* Negativ Kontrolle	* Αρνητικός ορός ελέγχου
	* Controllo negativo	
	* Calibratore	* Calibrator
	* Etalon	* Calibrador
	* Kalibrator	* Αντιδραστήριο βαθμονόμησης
	* Calibrador	
	* Recupero	* Recovery
	* Corrélation	* Recuperado
	* Wiederfindung	* Ανάκτηση
	* Recuperação	
	* Coniugato	* Conjugate
	* Conjugé	* Conjugado
	* Konjugat	* Σύζευγμα
	* Conjugado	
	* Micropiastra rivestita	* Coated microtiter plate
	* Microplaque sensibilisée	* Microplaca sensibilizada
	* Beschichtete Mikrotiterplatte	* Επικαλυμμένη μικροπλάκα
	* Microplaca revestida	
	* Tampone di lavaggio	* Wash buffer
	* Tampon de Lavage	* Solución de lavado
	* Waschpuffer	* Ρυθμιστικό διάλυμα πλύσης
	* Solução de lavagem	
	* Tampone substrato	* Substrate buffer
	* Substrat	* Tampón sustrato
	* Substratpuffer	* Ρυθμιστικό διάλυμα υποστρώματος
	* Substrato	
	* Reagente bloccante	* Stop solution
	* Solution d'Arrêt	* Solución de parada
	* Stopreagenz	* Αντιδραστήριο διακοπής αντίδρασης
	* Solução de paragem	
	* Tampone campione	* Sample buffer
	* Tampon Echantillons	* Tampón Muestras
	* Probenpuffer	* Ρυθμιστικό διάλυμα δειγμάτων
	* Diluente de amostra	