

LOWENSTEIN JENSEN (LJ) MEDIA

Cat. no. C21	Lowenstein Jensen, 20x125mm Tube, Slant	20 tubes/box		
Cat. no. X22	no. X22 Lowenstein Jensen, 50ml Hardy Flask™, Slant			
Cat. no. C23	LJ, Gruft Modification, 20x125mm Tube, Slant	20 tubes/box		
Cat. no. X23	LJ, Gruft Modification, 50ml Hardy Flask™, Slant	20 flasks/box		
Cat. no. C25	LJ, Selective, 20x125mm Tube, Slant	20 tubes/box		
Cat. no. C28	LJ with Pyruvate, 20x125mm Tube, Slant	20 tubes/box		
Cat. no. X19	LJ with Pyruvate, 50ml Hardy Flask™, Slant	20 flasks/box		
Cat. no. C37	LJ with Iron, 20x125mm Tube, Slant	20 tubes/box		
Cat. no. X21	LJ with Iron, 50ml Hardy Flask™, Slant	20 flasks/box		

INTENDED USE

Hardy Diagnostics Lowenstein Jensen Media are recommended for use in the cultivation and isolation of *Mycobacterium* species.

SUMMARY

The original formulation of Lowenstein Jensen media was developed by Lowenstein who incorporated congo red and malachite green to inhibit unwanted bacteria. (8,9) The present formulation, a glycerated egg-based medium, is based upon Jensen's modification. Jensen's version eliminates congo red and uses a moderate concentration of malachite green to prevent growth of the majority of contaminants surviving decontamination of the specimen. This formulation also encourages the earliest possible growth of mycobacteria.

When heated, the egg albumin coagulates, thus providing a solid surface for inoculation. Nitrogen, fatty acids, and proteins are supplied by egg and asparagine. Glycerol serves as a carbon source and is favorable to the growth of the human type tubercle bacillus while being unfavorable to the bovine type. (14) Malachite green acts as an inhibitory agent toward microorganisms other than mycobacteria. (6)



The Lowenstein Jensen, Gruft Modification formula is the same as the LJ formulation except for the addition of penicillin, nalidixic acid and ribonucleic acid (RNA).⁽⁴⁾ Nalidixic acid and penicillin inhibit most of the gram-negative bacteria. RNA serves as a growth stimulant for the increased isolation rate of mycobacteria.

Lowenstein Jensen, Selective media, in addition to LJ ingredients, contains cycloheximide, lincomycin, and nalidixic acid. Cycloheximide suppresses saprophytic fungi while lincomycin inhibits gram-positive bacteria.

Lowenstein Jensen with Pyruvate incorporates pyruvic acid into the LJ basal medium to stimulate the growth of *M. bovis* and mycobacteria spp. other than *M. tuberculosis*.

Lowenstein Jensen with Iron is used to determine iron uptake as a means of differentiation between slow and rapid growing *Mycobacterium* species. (3,7) This is done by using an aqueous solution of 20% ferric ammoninum citrate. The ability of certain species, such as *M. fortuitum*, to take up soluble iron salts from the culture media results in the growth of colonies with a rusty brown color.

FORMULA

Ingredients per 367.5ml of deionized water:*

Lowenstein Jensen Medium:

Potato Flour	30.0gm
Asparagine	3.6gm
Monopotassium Phosphate	2.4gm
Magnesium Citrate	0.6gm
Malachite Green	0.4gm
Magnesium Sulfate	0.24gm
Glycerol	7.5ml
Egg Base	625.0ml

Lowenstein Jensen, Gruft Modification is the same as LJ Medium with the addition of:

Nalidixic Acid	56.0mg
Penicillin	52.8mg
Ribonucleic Acid	0.05mg

Lowenstein Jensen, Selective is the same as LJ Medium with the addition of:

Nalidixic Acid	35.0mg
Lincomycin	2.0mg

Cycloheximide	0.4gm
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Lowenstein Jensen with Pyruvate is the same as LJ Medium with the addition of:

Pyruvic Acid	2.5mg
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Lowenstein Jensen with Iron is the same as LJ Medium with the addition of:

Ferric Ammonium Citrate	10.0gm
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Final pH 7.2 +/- 0.3 at 25°C (except Cat. Nos. C28 and X19 for which the final pH is 7.1 +/- 0.3 at 25°C).

STORAGE AND SHELF LIFE

Storage: Upon receipt store at 2-8°C. away from direct light. Media should not be used if there are any signs of deterioration, discoloration, contamination, or if the expiration date has passed. Product is light and temperature sensitive; protect from light, excessive heat, moisture, and freezing.

The expiration dating on the product label applies to the product in its intact packaging when stored as directed. The product may be used and tested up to the expiration date on the product label and incubated for the recommended quality control incubation times.

Refer to the document "Storage" for more information.

PRECAUTIONS

This product may contain components of animal origin. Certified knowledge of the origin and/or sanitary state of the animals does not guarantee the absence of transmissible pathogenic agents. Therefore, it is recommended that these products be treated as potentially infectious, and handle observing the usual universal blood precautions. Do not ingest, inhale, or allow to come into contact with skin.

This product is for *in vitro* diagnostic use only. It is to be used only by adequately trained and qualified laboratory personnel. Observe approved biohazard precautions and aseptic techniques. All laboratory specimens should be considered infectious and handled according to "standard precautions." The "Guidelines for Isolation Precautions" is available from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention at www.cdc.gov/ncidod/dhqp/gl_isolation.html.

For additional information regarding specific precautions for the prevention of the transmission of all infectious agents from laboratory instruments and materials, and for recommendations for the management of exposure to infectious disease, refer to CLSI document M-29: *Protection of Laboratory Workers from Occupationally Acquired Infections: Approved Guideline.*

Sterilize all biohazard waste before disposal.

Refer to the document "Precautions When Using Media" for more information.

^{*} Adjusted and/or supplemented as required to meet performance criteria.

Refer to the document SDS Search instructions on the Hardy Diagnostics' website for more information.

PROCEDURE

Specimen Collection: Infectious material should be submitted directly to the laboratory without delay and protected from excessive heat and cold. Consult listed references for information on specimen collection. (1,3,5,7,11,15)

Method of Use:

- 1. Inoculate the Lowenstein Jensen Media with specimen after decontamination and neutralization, according to test procedures recommended by the Centers for Disease Control. Consult listed references for methods. (1,3,5,7,11,15)
- 2. Incubate medium in a CO_2 atmosphere at 35-37°C. Protect from light. Tubed media should be incubated for one week with loosened caps to allow the circulation of CO_2 for the initiation of growth. Caps should be tightened after one week in order to prevent dehydration of media.
- 3. Examine the media within five to seven days, and weekly thereafter for up to eight weeks.
- 4. Examine plates under light for the appearance of macroscopic growth.
- 5. Examine tubes under light and magnifying mirror for macroscopic growth. Record and describe colony morphology on the first day growth is observed.
- 6. Consult appropriate references for recording the number of colonies and for aid in the biochemical identification of acid-fast bacilli. (1,5,11,15)

INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

Consult listed references for the interpretation of growth of *Mycobacterium* species on this medium. (1,3,5,7,11,15) Examine and record each type of colony morphology, pigment, and growth rate. Biochemical testing is required for definitive identification.

LIMITATIONS

It is recommended that biochemical, immunological, molecular, or mass spectrometry testing be performed on colonies from pure culture for complete identification.

Lowenstein Jensen Media require incubation in a 5-10% CO₂ atmosphere in order to recover mycobacteria. Mycobacteria, for unknown reasons, are not recovered well from candle extinction jars. (2)

Protect the media from all sources of light, as malachite green is very photosensitive.

Selective media often inhibit, to some extent, specific strains of organisms for which they are designed to select.

The color of LJ Media may range from a pale green to a dark blue-green. Do not use media that has turned yellow, as it will interfere with the interpretation of the pigmentation of mycobacteria. Most contaminating bacteria will turn the media blue.

Refer to the document "Limitations of Procedures and Warranty" for more information.

MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

Standard microbiological supplies and equipment such as loops, slides, decontamination supplies, applicator sticks, pipets, incinerators, CO₂ incubators, microscopes, etc., as well as serological and biochemical reagents, are not provided.

QUALITY CONTROL

Hardy Diagnostics tests each lot of commercially manufactured media using appropriate quality control microorganisms and quality specifications as outlined on the Certificates of Analysis (CofA). The following organisms are routinely used for testing at Hardy Diagnostics:

Took Overswiewe	Inoculation	Incubation		Besulte		
Test Organisms	Method*	Time	Temperature	Atmosphere	Results	
LJ Media and LJ Media with	LJ Media and LJ Media with Iron:					
Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Ra ATCC [®] 25177	G	21 days	35°C	CO ₂ **	Growth; colonies seen in 2 weeks, mature in 3 weeks	
Mycobacterium kansasii Group I ATCC [®] 12478	G	21 days	35°C	CO ₂ **	Growth; colonies seen in 2 weeks, mature in 3 weeks	
Mycobacterium scrofulaceum Group II ATCC [®] 19981	G	21 days	35°C	CO ₂ **	Growth; colonies seen in 2 weeks, mature in 3 weeks	
Mycobacterium intracellulare Group III ATCC [®] 13950	G	21 days	35°C	CO ₂ **	Growth; colonies seen in 2 weeks, mature in 3 weeks	
Mycobacterium fortuitum Group IV ATCC [®] 6841	G	21 days	35°C	CO ₂ **	Growth; colonies visible in 4 days	
Additionally, the following organisms are tested on LJ, Gruft Modification and LJ, Selective:						
Escherichia coli ATCC [®] 25922	В	24hr	35°C	Aerobic	Partial to complete inhibition	
Staphylococcus aureus ATCC [®] 25923	В	24hr	35°C	Aerobic	Partial to complete inhibition	

^{*} Refer to the document "Inoculation Procedures for Media QC" for more information.

USER QUALITY CONTROL

^{**} Atmosphere of incubation is enriched with 5-10% CO₂.

End users of commercially prepared culture media should perform QC testing in accordance with applicable government regulatory agencies, and in compliance with accreditation requirements. Hardy Diagnostics recommends end users check for signs of contamination and deterioration and, if dictated by laboratory quality control procedures or regulation, perform quality control testing to demonstrate growth or a positive reaction and to demonstrate inhibition or a negative reaction, if applicable. Hardy Diagnostics quality control testing is documented on the certificates of analysis (CofA) available from Hardy Diagnostics Certificates of Analysis website. In addition, refer to the following document "Finished Product Quality Control Procedures," for more information on QC or see reference(s) for more specific information.

PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

All Lowenstein Jensen Media should appear opaque, and pale green in color. LJ Media with iron may contain a precipitate settled at the bottom of the flask or tube.



Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Ra (ATCC® 25177) colonies growing on Lowenstein Jensen Medium (Cat. no. C21). Incubated in CO₂ for 21 days at 35°C.



Mycobacterium kansasii Group I (ATCC[®] 12478) colonies growing on Lowenstein Jensen Medium (Cat. no. C21). Incubated in CO₂ for 21 days at 35°C.



Mycobacterium scrofulaceum Group II (ATCC® 19981) colonies growing on Lowenstein Jensen



Mycobacterium intracellulare Group III (ATCC® 13950) colonies growing on Lowenstein Jensen



Mycobacterium fortuitum Group IV (ATCC[®] 6841) colonies growing on Lowenstein Jensen Medium (Cat. no. C21). Incubated in CO₂ for 21 days at 35°C.



Uninoculated tube of Lowenstein Jensen Medium (Cat. no. C21).

REFERENCES

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1430 West McCoy Lane, Santa Maria, CA 93455, USA
Phone: (805) 346-2766 ext. 5658
Fax: (805) 346-2760
Website: www.HardyDiagnostics.com
Email: TechService@HardyDiagnostics.com

Ordering Information

Distribution Centers:

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